V(3rd Sm.)-Microbiology-G/(GE/CC-3)/CBCS

2021

MICROBIOLOGY — GENERAL

Paper : GE/CC-3

Full Marks : 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Question no. 1 is compulsory and answer any three questions from the rest.

1. Answer any ten questions :

- (a) What is substrate level phosphorylation? Give one example.
- (b) Give two examples of free living nitrogen fixer.
- (c) What is active transport?
- (d) Define symport and antiport.
- (e) What is the significance of ammonia assimilation?
- (f) How does pH affect bacterial growth?
- (g) Name one inhibitor of electron transport chain and one inhibitor of ATP synthase.
- (h) How does bacteria uptake iron?
- (i) What is heterocyst?
- (j) What is the importance of Pentose Phosphate Pathway?
- (k) Differentiate between chemolithotrophs and chemoorganotrophs.
- (l) Name the electron donors used by green sulfur and non-sulfur bacteria.
- (m) Define extremophiles with example.
- (n) Name two important enzymes of ED pathway.
- (o) Give example of each : acidophilic and halophilic bacteria.
- 2. (a) Name two methods by which continuous bacterial culture can be obtained.
 - (b) What are primary and secondary metabolites? Give examples.
 - (c) What is diauxic growth curve?
- 3. (a) What is the significance of ED pathway in bacterial metabolism?
 - (b) Write down the NADH producing steps in TCA cycle.
 - (c) Write down the reaction catalysed by succinate dehydrogenase in TCA cycle.
 - (d) Define Acetogenesis.

Please Turn Over

2+3+3+2

(2+2)+(2+2)+2

2×10

V(3rd Sm.)-Microbiology-G/(GE/CC-3)/CBCS

- 4. Write short notes on (any four) :
 - (a) Nodule formation
 - (b) Methanogenesis
 - (c) Synchronous growth
 - (d) Siderophore
 - (e) Group translocation.
- 5. (a) Write down the regulatory steps in Glycolytic pathway with enzymes and coenzymes involved.

(2)

- (b) Briefly discuss ammonia assimilation.
- (c) Write down the importance of triose phosphate isomerase in glycolytic pathway. 3+4+3
- 6. Differentiate between (any four) :
 - (a) ED pathway and HMP shunt
 - (b) Homo-fermentative and hetero-fermentative bacteria
 - (c) Oxygenic and anoxygenic photophosphorylation
 - (d) Batch culture and continuous culture
 - (e) Passive and Facilitated diffusion
 - (f) Thermophiles and thermodurics.

21/2×4

 $2^{1/2} \times 4$